

Paper

First, an empty envelope is put in the grey-lidded bin.



Paper

Next, the truck takes the paper to a big sorting centre.



Paper

The envelope is sorted with paper at the recycling centre.



Paper

The paper is mixed with water to make mushy pulp.



Paper

The mushy pulp is squished flat to dry.



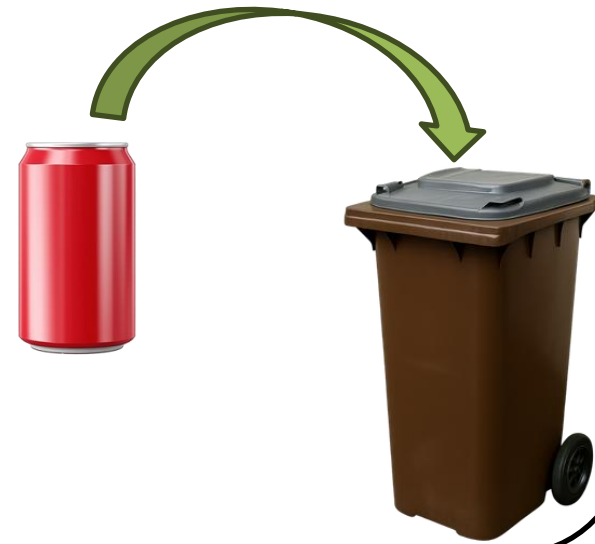
Paper

Lastly, the recycled paper is cut and used for notebooks or toilet roll.



Metal

First, a clean, empty can is put in the grey-lidded bin.



Metal

Next, the truck takes the metal to a big sorting centre.



Metal

The can is sorted with other metal at the recycling centre.



Metal

The metal is melted and then cooled into big blocks.



Metal

The metal bars are rolled flat to make new things.



Metal

Lastly, the recycled metal becomes a new can in about 8 weeks.



First, an empty plastic bottle is put in the grey-lidded bin.



Plastic

Next, the truck takes the bottle away to a big sorting centre.



Plastic

The bottle is sorted with plastics at the recycling centre.



Plastic

The plastic is cleaned and chopped into tiny bits.



Plastic

The plastic is melted and made into tiny balls called 'pellets'.



Plastic

Lastly, the plastic pellets are used to make new things like benches or a football shirt.



Plastic

First, an empty jam jar is put in the grey-lidded bin.



Glass

Next, the truck takes the jar away to a big sorting centre.



Glass

The jar is sorted with other glass into colours – green, brown and clear.



Glass

The sorted glass is washed and crushed into tiny pieces.



Glass

The tiny pieces are melted into a very hot liquid.



Glass

Lastly, the liquid glass is shaped and recycled into new bottles and jars.




Glass

Answers

1 Paper

First, an empty envelope is put in the grey-lidded bin.



2 Paper

Next, the truck takes the paper to a big sorting centre.




3 Paper

The envelope is sorted with paper at the recycling centre.



4 Paper

The paper is mixed with water to make mushy pulp.




5 Paper

The mushy pulp is squished flat to dry.




6 Paper

Lastly, the recycled paper is cut and used for notebooks or toilet roll.



1 Plastic

First, an empty plastic bottle is put in the grey-lidded bin.




2 Plastic

Next, the truck takes the bottle away to a big sorting centre.



3 Plastic

The bottle is sorted with plastics at the recycling centre.




4 Plastic

The plastic is cleaned and chopped into tiny bits.




5 Plastic

The plastic is melted and made into tiny balls called 'pellets'.




6 Plastic

Lastly, the plastic pellets are used to make new things like benches or a football shirt.



1 Metal

First, a clean, empty can is put in the grey-lidded bin.



2 Metal

Next, the truck takes the metal to a big sorting centre.




3 Metal

The can is sorted with other metal at the recycling centre.



4 Metal

The metal is melted and then cooled into big blocks.




5 Metal

The metal bars are rolled flat to make new things.




6 Metal

Lastly, the recycled metal becomes a new can in about 8 weeks.



1 Glass

First, an empty jam jar is put in the grey-lidded bin.




2 Glass

Next, the truck takes the jar away to a big sorting centre.



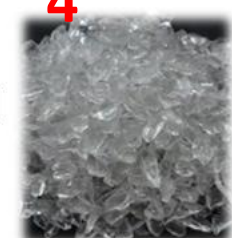
3 Glass

The jar is sorted with other glass into colours – green, brown and clear.



4 Glass

The sorted glass is washed and crushed into tiny pieces.



5 Glass

The tiny pieces are melted into a very hot liquid.



6 Glass

Lastly, the liquid glass is shaped and recycled into new bottles and jars.

